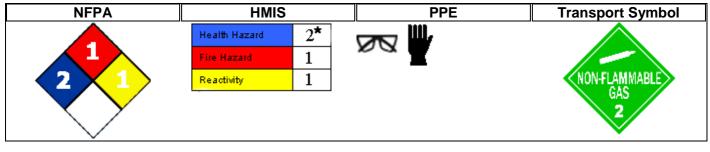
Material Safety Data Sheet



Issuing Date 27-Feb-2007

Revision Date 03-Feb-2010

Revision Number 4

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	Component A for Touch 'n Foam Professional System 15 / 200 / 600 (std) Touch 'n Seal Foam Kit 15 / 110 / 120 / 200 / 600 (std)
Product ID No:	MSDS – A Side Reg
Recommended Use	Insulation
Supplier Address	Convenience Products, Division of Clayton Corp. 866 Horan Drive Fenton, MO 63026-2416 USA TEL: (636) 349-5855
Emergency Telephone Number	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (703) 527-3887 outside US

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFIC	ATION	
WARNING!		
	Emergency Overview	
	Contents under pressure.	
	May be harmful if swallowed, inhaled.	
	May cause allergic skin reaction	
	May cause allergic respiratory reaction.	
Persons allergic to isocyanates	and particularly those suffering from asthma or other r work with isocyanates.	respiratory conditions, should not
	Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lung	S.
	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
Appearance Pale Amber	Physical State Liquid	Odor Faint hydrocarbon
Potential Health Effects Principle Routes of Exposure	Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact.	
Acute Toxicity Eyes	Irritating to eyes. May cause slight temporary corneal inj	ury due to adhesive character.
Skin	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause slight skin in causing irritation upon removal. Animal studies have sho may play a role in causing respiratory sensitization. Repe cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons.	own that skin contact with isocyanates
Skin Absorption	A single prolonged exposure is unlikely to result in the ma amounts.	aterial being absorbed in harmful

Inhalation	Maintain local exhaust ventilation system during use. If large concentrations of vapors build up they could cause upper respiratory tract and lung irritation. May cause allergic respiratory reaction. Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause shortness of breath (lung edema).
Ingestion	May be harmful if swallowed. May cause additional affects as listed under "Inhalation". Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Product may cure in the gastrointestinal tract and form an obstruction. May cause adverse cardiac effects, blood disturbances, and metabolic acidosis.
Chronic Effects	Tissue injury in the upper respiratory tract and lungs has been observed in laboratory animals after repeated excessive exposures to MDI / Polymeric MDI aerosols. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Repeated or prolonged contact causes sensitization, asthma and eczemas.
Aggravated Medical Conditions	Allergies. Skin disorders. Respiratory disorders. Central nervous system. Preexisting eye disorders. Kidney disorders. Liver disorders.
Aggravated Medical Conditions	Allergies. Skin disorders. Respiratory disorders. Preexisting eye disorders. Kidney disorders. Liver disorders.
Interactions with Other Chemicals	Irritants. Sensitizers. Epoxies. Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.

Revision Date 03 Feb 2010

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS				
Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %		
1,1,1,2 – Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a, Fluorocarbon)	811-97-2	7-14		
Polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate	9016-87-9	30-60		
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI)	101-68-8	30-60		
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	26447-40-5	5-10		

4. FIRST AID MEASU	
General Advice	If emergency warrants call 911 or emergency medical service. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Remove and wash soiled clothing before reuse.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Obtain medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing; wash before reuse. Foam will stick to skin; studies demonstrate that cleaning very soon after exposure with corn oil or nail polish remover is most effective. If foam dries on skin, apply generous amounts of petroleum jelly or lanolin, put on plastic gloves and wait 1 hour. With a clean cloth, firmly wipe off petroleum jelly and repeat process if necessary. Do not attempt to remove dried foam with solvents.
Inhalation	Move victim to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a medical facility.
Ingestion	Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. May produce an allergic reaction. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Notes to Physician	Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. May cause respiratory sensitization or asthma-like symptoms. Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Exposure may increase "myocardial irritability". No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.
	Page 2/10

Protection of First-aiders

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES	
Flammable Properties	Foam cylinders exposed to fire can rupture.
Flash Point	None
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire. Dry chemical, CO_{2} , water spray, fog or regular foam. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas where gases fumes can accumulate. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.
Explosion Data Sensitivity to mechanical impact Sensitivity to static discharge	None None
Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical Ruptured cylinders may rocket.	
Protective Equipment and Pressutions for Firefighters	

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazard 2	Flammability 1	Stability 1	Physical and Chemical Hazards -
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazard 2*	Flammability 1	Stability 1	Personal Precautions -B

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEA	ASE MEASURES	
Personal Precautions	Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use appropriate safety equipment. Evacuate area. Keep personnel out of low areas, confined or poorly ventilated areas. Keep upwind of spill. Ensure adequate ventilation. No smoking in area. Only trained and properly protected personnel must be involved in clean-up operations.	
Methods for Containment	If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Allow substance to evaporate. Contain spilled materials if possible without risk. Absorb with materials such as Sawdust, dirt, and vermiculite. Collect in suitable and properly labeled open containers. Do not place in sealed containers. Wash what is left of the spill site with large quantities water.	
Methods for Cleaning Up	Soak up with inert absorbent material. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak.	
Other Information	Ventilate the area. Curing foam gives off HFC-134a. Do not put curing foam in a sealed drum.	
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Handling	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate cylinders. Container, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors. Do not stick pin or any other sharp object into opening on top of cylinder.	
Storage	Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Keep out of the reach of children. Ideal storage temperature is 16-32 \degree / 60 – 90 F . Stor age above 32 \degree / 90 F will reduce its	

shelf-life. Never keep at temperatures above 48.8 ℃ / 120 F.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	TWA: 0.005 ppm	Ceiling: 0.02 ppm	75 mg/m ³
(MDI)		Ceiling: 0.2 mg/m ³	_

NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures	Showers Eyewash stations Ventilation systems
Personal Protective Equipment Eye/Face Protection	Tightly fitting safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin and Body protection	Lightweight protective clothing. Impervious gloves.
Respiratory Protection	Atmospheric levels of PMDI should be maintained below the exposure guidelines. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor absorbent and a particle filter. For situations where the atmospheric levels exceed the level for which an air-purifying respirator is effective, use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.
Hygiene Measures	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Maintain regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

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Touch 'n Foam $\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}$ Professional System 15 / 200 / 600 (std) Touch 'n Seal $\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}$ Professional System 15 / 110 / 120 / 200 / 600 (std)

9. PHYSICAL AND CH	IEMICAL PROPERTIES		
Appearance	Pale Amber	Odor	Faint hydrocarbon
Odor Threshold	No information available	Physical State	Liquid (Frothable)
рН	No information available		
Flash Point	None	Autoignition Temperature	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	No data available	Boiling Point/Range	-26℃ / -15℉ for HFC-134a
Melting Point/Range	No data available		
Flammability Limits in Air	No data available	Explosion Limits	No data available
Specific Gravity	1.2	Water Solubility	Not Compatible
Solubility	No data available	Evaporation Rate	No data available
Vapor Pressure	No data available	Vapor Density	No data available
VOC Content	Not applicable	EPA VOC (g/l)	0
Partition Coefficient (n- octanol/water)	No data available		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY			
Stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions		
Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Temperatures above 48.8 ${\rm C}$ / 120 F.		
Incompatible Products	Water. Alcohols. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Finely powdered metals.		
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Hydrogen cyanide.		
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.		

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Acute Toxicity				
Sensitization – Respiratory	May cause allergic respiratory response. MDI concentrations below the exposure guidelines may cause allergic respiratory reactions in individuals already sensitized. Asthma-like symptoms may include coughing, difficult breathing and a feeling of tightness in the chest. Occasionally, breathing difficulties may be life threatening.			

Product Information

Component Information

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Polymethylene polyphenylene isocvanate	49 g/kg (Rat)	9400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	490 mg/m ³ (Rat)4 h
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	9200 mg/kg (Rat)		
(MDI)			
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate		6200 mg/kg (Rabbit)	0.369 mg/L (Rat)4 h

Chronic Toxicity	
Chronic Toxicity	Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause central nervous system damage. Tissue injury in the upper respiratory tract and lungs has been observed in laboratory animals after repeated excessive exposures to MDI/polymeric MDI aerosols. Repeated or prolonged contact causes sensitization, asthma and eczemas. Repeated or prolonged contact may causes sensitization, asthma eczemas.
Carcinogenicity	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	Contains no known mutagenetic chemicals
Reproductive Toxicity	This product does not contain any known or suspected reproductive hazards
Target Organ Effects	Contains component(s) that have been reported to cause effects on the following organs in animals: Kidney, Liver, Bone marrow.
Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity effects.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Microtox	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	EC50 = 3230 mg/L 96 h			EC50 > 1000 mg/L 24 h

Chemical Name	Log Pow
1,1,1,2,-Tetrafluoroethane HFC-134a	1.06

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			
Waste Disposal Method	This material, as supplied, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261). Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Allow foam to cure before disposal.		
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.		

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION				
DOT				
UN-No	UN1956			
Proper Shipping Name	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen)			
Hazard Class	2.2			
Description	Nonflammable gas (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen)			
<u>TDG</u>				
UN-No	UN1956			
Proper Shipping Name	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen)			
Hazard Class	2.2			
Description	Nonflammable gas (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen)			
MEX				
UN-No	UN1956			
Proper Shipping Name	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen)			
Hazard Class	2.2			
Description	Nonflammable gas (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen)			
ICAO				
UN-No	UN1956			

14.	4. TRANSPORT INFORMATION			
	Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Description	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen) 2.2 Nonflammable gas (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen) (Foam Kit 15 aerosol UN-No is UN1950)		
IATA				
	UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class ERG Code Description	UN1956 Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen) 2.2 2L Nonflammable gas (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen) (Foam Kit 15 aerosol UN-No is UN1950)		
IMDO	<u>S/IMO</u>			
RID	UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class EmS No. Description	UN1956 Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen) 2.2 F-D, S-U Nonflammable gas, n.o.s. (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen) (Foam Kit 15 aerosol UN-No is UN1950)		
<u>KID</u>	UN-No	UN1956		
	Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Classification Code Description ADR/RID-Labels	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen) 2 5A Nonflammable gas (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen) 2		
ADR		(Foam Kit 15 aerosol UN-No is UN1950)		
ADN	UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Classification Code ADR/RID-Labels	UN1956 Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen) 2 5A 2 (Foam Kit 15 aerosol UN-No is UN1950)		
	UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Classification Code Special Provisions Description Hazard Labels	UN1956 Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen) 2 5A 63, 190, 191, 277, 913 Nonflammable gas (Fluorinated Hydrocarbon, Nitrogen) 2 (Foam Kit 15 aerosol UN-No is UN1950)		

Page 7/10

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

DSL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Complies
ENCS	Complies
CHINA	Complies
KECL	Complies
PICCS	Complies
AICS	Complies

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values
Polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate	9016-87-9	30-60	1.0
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI)	101-68-8	30-60	1.0
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	26447-40-5	5-10	1.0

COMPONENT A for

Touch 'n Foam® Professional System 15 / 200 / 600 (std) Touch 'n Seal® Professional System 15 / 110 / 120 / 200 / 600 (std)

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories	
Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302).

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI)	5000 lb	

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Chlorodifluoromethane	Х	Х	X		Х

International Regulations

Mexico - Grade

The exposure limits values for 101-68-8 are listed under two synonyms: Diphenylmethane diisocyanate - 0.02 ppm TWA; 0.2 mg/m³ TWA Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate - 0.005 ppm TWA; 0.051 mg/m³ TWA

Chemical Name	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI)		Mexico: TWA= 0.2 mg/m ³
		Mexico: TWA= 0.02 ppm
Diphenylmethane diisocyanate		Mexico: TWA= 0.005 ppm
		Mexico: TWA= 0.051 mg/m ³

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class A Compressed gases D2B Toxic materials



COMPONENT A for

Touch 'n Foam \circledast Professional System 15 / 200 / 600 (std) Touch 'n Seal \circledast Professional System 15 / 110 / 120 / 200 / 600 (std)

Chemical Name	NPRI
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI)	Х
Polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate	Х
1,1,1,2- Tetrafluoroethane, HFC-134a	Х

Legend

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory WHMIS – Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System TSCA – Toxic Substance Control Act DSL – Domestic Substance List EINECS – European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ENCS – Japan, Existing and New Chemical Substances KECL- Korean Existing Chemical List PICS – Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances AICS – Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances TDG – Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organization IATA – International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Issuing Date 27-Feb-2007

Revision Date 03-Feb-2010

Revision Note

Revised format. Change Rev Date. Revised by Clayton Corporation EHS Department

Disclaimer

The information provided on this MSDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of MSDS